

Cumaru

Most important characteristics

Durability class Class 1. Strength class D60.

The properties of Cumaru, such as the strength class (D60) and the yellow to red-brown **Applications**

colour, ensure that Cumaru wood is widely used in outdoor public furniture, noise barriers, bridge and jetty decks and truck floors. It can also be used for other heavy constructions.

Specific gravity Fresh 1100-1300 kg/m3Fresh 1100-1300 kg/m3. At 12% moisture content 900-1100 kg/m3.

Colour Yellow to red-brown.

The heartwood and sapwood of Cumaru are clearly distinguishable from each other. The **Details**

spider mite is light yellow. The heartwood is tan to reddish brown.

Grain Cross-thread.

Timber texture Moderately coarse.

Stability Average.

Very slow. Cumaru wood shrinks little to moderate and has a tendency to form cracks and **Drying**

exhibit deformation at the ends when dried slowly.

Hardness

Cumaru hardwood is somewhat difficult to work due to its large volume. However, it can be Workability

planed well and, except for strong crosshairs, the planed surface becomes very smooth. It

also lathes well.

Screwing/nailing Pre-drilling is necessary.

Finishing of surface Good.

Botanical name Dipteryx odorata

Origin area Cumaru hardwood grows in tropical South America. Other names Tonkawood, charapilla, cumarut, tonka, sarrapia.

Cumaru wood usually has yellow-red veins and it is slightly oily to the touch. Fresh wood has **Background information**

a faint vanilla scent and a rancid oil taste.

For the current price of Cumaru, we ask you to contact us. We only supply FSC® certified Remarks

Cumaru with for responsible forest management.

Family Leguminosae (Papilionaceae)

Terrace Broeckgouw, Bench beach pavilion San Blas, Fort waterlinie, cladding Hortus Garden **Projects**